

SECTION – VII

The Predator Hunt

Vocabulary to Own VII:

1. **Consecrated** (verb) separated and dedicated for special duties
A. In a military ceremony, the prince *consecrated* his best men to be his personal guards.

2. **Pronounced** (adjective)clear, plain, enlarged, and visible
B. Jeffrey’s joy was very *pronounced* as he saw his beautiful girlfriend step off the train.

3. **Deluge** (noun) a flood or heavy downpour
C. After the *deluge*, the streets around the city were covered with cold, muddy waters.

4. **Foes** (noun)enemies
D. Outnumbered by his *foes*, the shrewd leader slipped through a secret passageway.

5. **Mettle** (noun) power, worth, or skill
E. The young recruits were eager to test their *mettle* against real opponents.

6. **Feign** (verb)to pretend
F. Betty feigned an *illness* so that she could miss school on Friday.

7. **Elixir** (noun) a drink with healing powers; liquid medicine
G. After drinking the *elixir*, Hector began to look and act like his old self.

8. **Unmolested** (adjective) unharmed
H. Once his anger was satisfied, the general left the other prisoners *unmolested*.

9. **Refuge** (noun) a shelter; a place that provides protection
I. We found an old abandoned mine; it provided *refuge* for the night.

10. **Quell** (verb) to lessen or satisfy; to calm

J. To *quell* that fears, Martha told them happy stories about home.

11. **Befuddling** (adjective)confusing; bewildering

K. The sick man's last words were *befuddling*, as he spoke of demons and angels at war.

12. **Quandary** (noun) a bad situation

L. "Bad decisions often leave one in a *quandary*," instructed the professor.

13. **Rekindled** (verb) re-started; re-ignited

M. Seeing her again, *re-kindled* the old flames, and he started to think again only of her.

14. **Quarry** (noun) the victim of a hunt; prey

N. Isaac trailed his *quarry* into a canyon, but couldn't follow it through the rocks.

15. **Lithely** (adverb) easily; with little effort

O. *Lithely*, the squirrels ran through the tree branches, jumping easily from limb to limb.

16. **Petrified** (adjective) rock-like; hard as a stone

P. The *Petrified* Forest stands as a reminder of the true force of a raging volcano.

17. **Stupor** (noun) a trance; a state of unconsciousness.

Q. Frozen in a *stupor* of fear, the children remained motionless until the tornado passed.

18. **Timidity** (noun) shyness; uncertainty

R. Bruce's *timidity* made him unsuited for the leader's position.

19. **Skittish** (adjective) nervous; ill-at-ease

S. The deer is a *skittish* creature, darting off at the least noise or rustle in the brush.

Name _____ Pd. _____ Date _____

Comprehension and Discussion Review VII (MC & ER)

XLIII. How did the heavy rains help the cause of Tobar's warriors?

- a. It cooled them down from their long walk.
- b. It washed the burning yellow from their eyes.
- c. It made tracking of their prey easier.
- d. It washed away some of their scent.

XLIV. Why did Cubar lead a cheer for his brother, Tobar?

- a. He was excited about the hunt for the predators
- b. He respected his brother's accomplishments as leader.
- c. He wanted to make sure his brother attended the hunt.
- d. He was following Mara's instructions.

XLV. What was the worst effect of the rain on Tobar's warriors?

- e. It cooled them down.
- f. It made tracking difficult.
- g. It spread their scent throughout the forest.
- h. It made Grrbar very uncomfortable..

XLVI. Why didn't Grrbar's trapped victim scream in the fork of the tree?

- e. She saw the beast as her friend.
- f. She knew screaming wouldn't help.
- g. She was too frightened to scream.
- h. Screaming makes wild animals even more fierce.

XLVII. Why did the pure rain burn the eyes of Tobar's warriors?

- e. Their eyes had smut from the ashes in their corners.
- f. Their eyes demonstrated evil which was impure.
- g. Their eyes were strained from the darkness.
- h. The rain was filled with dusk from the wind.

XLVIII. Why did Grrbar hesitate when she found the two women in the thicket?

- e. She thought they were other bears.
- f. She was startled when they separated.
- g. One of them smelled like Mara.
- h. One of them smelled like the king.

XLIX. (ER) How did Cubar use Tobar's pride against him?

Name _____ Pd. ____ Date _____

Vocabulary Matching Quiz VII

Match the following terms on the left with their denotations on the right. Write the letter of the answer in the blank that best corresponds.

- | | |
|----------------------|---------------------------------|
| 1. Consecrated _____ | a. enemies |
| 2. Pronounced _____ | b. shelter; a safe hiding place |
| 3. Deluge _____ | c. unharmed |
| 4. Foes _____ | d. plain, clear, visible |
| 5. Mettle _____ | e. confusion |
| 6. Feign _____ | f. a healing liquid |
| 7. Elixir _____ | g. separated; dedicated |
| 8. Unmolested _____ | h. to calm; satisfy, lessen |
| 9. Refuge _____ | i. worth; power, skill |
| 10. Quell _____ | j. pretend |
| 11. Befuddling _____ | k. heavy rains; flood |

Solving Analogies VII

To solve the following analogies, select a term or a denotation from your Vocabulary-to-Own list that best completes the equation.

- A. Quandary : _____ :: _____ : Nervous
- B. Lethely : _____ :: Petrified : _____
- C. Timidity: Quarry :: _____ : _____
- D. Stupor : _____ :: _____ : Re-ignite

SECTION – VIII

Into the Dark Wood

Vocabulary to Own VIII:

1. **Habitation** (noun) home; living space
A. The wolf is king of its *habitation*, ruling with its uncompromising fangs of power.

2. **Peevish** (adjective)moody; ill-tempered
B. Nothing pleased the *peevish* teenager; even getting what she wanted didn't make her smile.

3. **Ploy** (noun)trick; scheme
C. Timmy's *ploy* to gain wealth worked really well, before it landed him behind bars.

4. **Legitimate** (adjective) reasonable; logical; legal; fair
D. "His question is *legitimate*; please answer it," instructed the judge.

5. **Consternation** (noun)irritation; discontentedness
E. The officer's *consternation* increased as Manuel continued to lie about his involvement.

6. **Extinguishing** (noun)death; putting out (a fire)
F. The *extinguishing* of the flame signaled the end of hope for the warmongers.

7. **Accommodate** (verb) to properly fit
G. We were barely able to *accommodate* all ten of our guests, but somehow we made it.

8. **Scenario** (noun) scene; situation (of life)
H. In a different *scenario*, his actions would have been applauded instead of condemned.

9. **Communed** (verb) communicated intimately (spiritually)
I. In prayer, the faithful believe they are able to *commune* with their Creator.

10. **Subdue** (verb) conquer; defeat

J. The invaders tried to *subdue* the inhabitants with their first wave of attack.

11. **Tautness** (noun)tightness

K. The rope's *tautness* prevented it from being able to further stretch.

12. **Haunches** (noun) hind quarters; hips; rump

L. Sitting on its *haunches*, the beast watched its cubs play and frolic in the sun.

13. **Froth** (noun) foaming in anger

M. Still *froth* from its encounter with the pride, the lone lion roared in its displeasure.

14. **Emissaries** (noun)messengers; representatives

N. The *emissaries* from our neighboring kingdom are her to present gifts to our king.

15. **Semblance** (noun) a recognizable sign; similarity

O. After restoring some *semblance* of order, Mr. Masters restricted everyone to their rooms.

16. **Haughty** (adjective) prideful; egocentric

P. The *haughty* prince refused to even look at the peasants in the courtyard.

17. **Wake** (noun) a trail or path left behind

Q. In its *wake*, the killer tornado left unimaginable destruction and death.

18. **Site** (noun) location; place

R. The *site* of the new school building will be somewhere along Ocean Drive.

19. **Cunning** (noun) intelligence; shrewdness

S. The bandit's *cunning* made it very difficult for police to predict his actions.

20. **Resolutely** (adverb) in a determined, absolute way

T. The warrior stepped *resolutely* into the arena, determined to fight to the death.

Name _____ Pd. _____ Date _____

Comprehension and Discussion Review VIII (MC & ER)

- L. Why did Tobar fall to the middle of his troop of warriors?
 - i. He feared that the Cunninghams would ambush them.
 - j. He couldn't keep up with the leaders.
 - k. He wanted to keep an eye on Cubar.
 - l. He wanted to be able to see the front and the rear.

- LI. What evidence can you find of a civil imprint in section 107?
 - a. The Hill People wanted to save the women from death.
 - b. Tex wanted to fight Grrbar and defeat him.
 - c. The Cunninghams grieved the senseless death of the woman.
 - d. Sherry made her girls stay home with her.

- LII. Explain the refreshing effect of the rain on the eyes of the Cunninghams.
 - e. The pure water was a match for the purity in them.
 - f. The water was cool and they were hot.
 - g. They had been thirsty for a long time.
 - h. The water wanted to help them beat their enemies.

- LIII. Why did the king's sister lie to him?
 - e. She knew he would kill her if she told the truth.
 - f. She knew the lie could at least buy her some time.
 - g. Neither e nor f is true.
 - h. Both e and f are true.

- LIV. Why did Cubar want to follow his sister?
 - a. She knew the way to the Cunninghams house.
 - b. He needed to warn her about lying to Tobar.
 - c. He needed an excuse to leave the group.
 - d. He was afraid she'd get lost in the dark woods.

- LV. Why was Tex experiencing conflict?
 - e. He sensed that the woman was already hurt.
 - f. He sensed that Grrbar was not headed directly for him any more.
 - g. He smelled Grrbar's sweat in five different places.
 - h. His bond was telling him to do the wrong thing.

LVI. (ER) Explain the following excerpt: *The bond glided o'er head and fed them as they would eat.*

Name _____ Pd. ____ Date _____

Vocabulary Matching Quiz VIII

Match the following terms on the left with their denotations on the right. Write the letter of the answer in the blank that best corresponds.

- | | |
|------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 1. Habitation _____ | a. a trick; a scheme |
| 2. Peevish ____ _____ | b. communicated intimately |
| 3. Ploy _____ | c. irritation; discontent |
| 4. Legitimate _____ | d. to properly fit |
| 5. Consternation _____ | e. moody; ill-tempered |
| 6. Extinguishing _____ | f. scene; situation |
| 7. Accommodate _____ | g. conquer or defeat |
| 8. Scenario _____ | h. fair; reasonable, logical |
| 9. Communed _____ | i. death; putting out (a flame) |
| 10. Subdue _____ | j. home; living space |

Solving Analogies VIII

To solve the following analogies, select a term or a denotation from your Vocabulary-to-Own list that best completes the equation.

- A. Resolutely : _____ :: _____ : Cunning
- B. Tautness : _____ :: Haunches : _____
- C. Froth: Emissaries :: _____ : _____
- D. Site : _____ :: _____ : Haughty
- E. Wake : _____ :: Semblance : _____

SECTION – IX

The Circle of Truth

Vocabulary to Own IX:

1. **Feinting** (verb) faking; pretending; threatening
A. After *feinting* a left hook, the fighter threw a hard right cross, knocking his opponent out.

2. **Faltered** (verb)stumbled; lost courage
B. After seeing his enemy's power, the aggressive man *faltered*, and decided not to attack.

3. **Bewildered** (adjective)confused
C. *Bewildered* by so many different instructions, the man just parked his car beside the road.

4. **Vestige** (noun)a remnant; a small remaining amount; a trace
D. After cheering for five hours, the girls had only a *vestige* of their original spirit left.

5. **Intermingle** (verb)to mix together
E. The boys *intermingled* vegetables with dessert, creating something rather gross-looking.

6. **Pompous** (adjective) prideful; arrogant; showy
F. The *pompous* king ordered his servants to sing of his triumphs every night of the year.

7. **Wincing** (verb) frowned in pain
G. Mildred *wincing* when Kevin pinched her on the arm.

8. **Intervene** (verb) to step between; to get involved
H. After the accident, an officer had to *intervene* to stop the motorists from fighting.

9. **Deemed** (verb)..... considered; thought; judged
I. Sarah was *deemed* unfit for her job when she showed up for work as drunk as a skunk.

10. **Compassionate** (adjective) kind-hearted; sympathetic

J. The *compassionate* millionaire donated a great sum of money to the orphanage.

11. **Lust** (noun)a strong driving desire

K. Vera's *lust* for wealth led her down a very long road to destruction.

12. **Beguiling** (adjective) deceitful; lying; untrustworthy

L. The predator's *beguiling* words almost tempted the innocent children to get in his car.

13. **Assassin** (noun) a professional killer

M. Sooner or later every *assassin* finds himself being the target of a higher paid brother.

14. **Stark** (adjective) clear; plain; naked

N. In *stark* contrast to the others, Jessie really did a great job.

15. **Usurper** (noun) one who unfairly takes another's position; interloper

O. Every wise king is forever cautious of *usurpers*, even among his close-knit friends.

16. **Innate** (adjective) inborn; natural

P. Every real fisherman has an *innate* desire to catch a trophy some day.

17. **Dismay** (noun) confusion; bafflement

Q. In utter *dismay* the players went onto the field and lost miserably to a more focused team.

18. **Impudent** (adjective) disrespectful; brash

R. Sometimes, it's difficult for adults to be patient with the attitudes of *impudent* children.

19. **Brandishing** (verb) flashing; moving in a showy way.

S. After *brandishing* his blade before his enemy, he gave him a final warning.

20. **Decisiveness** (noun)confidence; certainty

T. With *decisiveness* in his tone, Mr. Olson said, "Lay it down and walk away."

21. **Eerily** (adverb) scarily; hauntingly

U. We walked *eerily* through the graveyard, being careful not to step on the markers.

22. **Ferocity** (noun) fierceness; wildness

V. “The lion’s *ferocity* is what makes it the king of beasts,” the trainer suggested.

23. **Sheared** (adjective) cut-off

W. The *sheared* limbs had to be cleared before the storm arrived.

24. **Appendage** (noun) a body part

X. After the accident, Norma touched all of her *appendages* to make sure they were all there.

Name _____ Pd. _____ Date _____

Comprehension and Discussion Review IX (MC & ER)

LVII. What caused King Tobar to falter?

- m. He thought about how he'd treated Mara so many years ago.
- n. He heard an owl hoot in the far distance.
- o. He expected Junior to enter the circle first.
- p. He saw the red of the bond for the first time.

LVIII. What impact did Clint's civil imprint have on him?

- a. It made him love his family more.
- b. It made him desperate to slay the evil king.
- c. It made him consider the welfare of the evil king.
- d. It made him forget about the evil that the king had done.

LIX. Why did Cubar smile at his dying brother?

- e. He loved his brother and wanted to make his last moment a happy one.
- f. He finally had beaten him and would never have to suffer at his hands again.
- g. He was actually thinking about something else at the time.
- h. His brother had smiled at him first, and he was returning the kindness.

LX. With which of the following statements would the narrator most likely agree?

- e. Tobar was more powerful than his father Ki'bar had been.
- f. Tobar was the most wicked of all the men in The Hill People's village.
- g. Cubar was more wicked and evil than his brother, Tobar.
- h. Tobar was more wicked and evil than his brother, Cubar.

LXI. Which statement or phrase best demonstrates the use of a simile?

- i. Like and love are almost synonymous terms.
- j. ...like the yielding of a broad pine to the final stroke of the axe.
- k. His eyes were two holes, dug deep in the ground.
- l. Splishing and splashing, the twins played in the water for hours.

LXII. Why did Clint throw the spear aside?

- m. It had the blood of an innocent man on it.
- n. He didn't feel worthy to use a real king's weapon.
- o. He didn't actually throw it aside; he only pretended to.
- p. He didn't feel the need for a weapon, with the bond supplying such power.

LXIII. (ER) Which truths were revealed in The Circle of Truth?

Name _____ Pd. ____ Date _____

Vocabulary Matching Quiz IX

Match the following terms on the left with their denotations on the right. Write the letter of the answer in the blank that best corresponds.

- | | |
|-------------------------|------------------------------------|
| 1. Feinting _____ | a. frowned in pain |
| 2. Faltered _____ | b. remnant; small trace |
| 3. Bewildered _____ | c. kind-hearted; sympathetic |
| 4. Vestige _____ | d. stumbled; lost courage |
| 5. Intermingled _____ | e. a strong driving desire |
| 6. Pompous _____ | f. faking; pretending; threatening |
| 7. Winced _____ | g. deceitful; lying |
| 8. Intervened _____ | h. stepped between |
| 9. Deemed _____ | i. confused |
| 10. Compassionate _____ | j. professional killer |
| 11. Lust _____ | k. prideful; arrogant |
| 12. Beguiling _____ | l. clear; plain; naked |
| 13. Assassin _____ | m. considered; thought; judged |
| 14. Stark _____ | n. mixed together |

Solving Analogies IX

To solve the following analogies, select a term or a denotation from your Vocabulary-to-Own list that best completes the equation.

- A. Appendage : _____ :: _____ : Sheared
- B. Innate : _____ :: Usurper : _____
- C. Eerily: Ferocity :: _____ : _____
- D. Impudent : _____ :: _____ : Brandishing
- E. Dismay : _____ :: Decisiveness : _____

SECTION – X

The Heart of a Mighty Beast

Vocabulary to Own X:

1. **Carnage** (noun) dead of dying flesh

A. Reflecting on the *carnage* of war often causes men to search more diligently for peace.

2. **Intimately** (adverb)deeply; personally; completely

B. “I am intimately familiar with your circumstances,” said the counselor.

3. **Nemesis** (noun) an arch enemy (that’s able to destroy you)

C. To avoid his *nemesis*, the villain hid himself in the deep woods and waited.

4. **Slaughter** (verb) to kill without mercy

D. The *slaughter* of so many innocent people led the government to intervene.

5. **Frantic** (adjective) uncontrolled; hasty

E. Moving at a *frantic* pace is a good way to have an accident.

6. **Fervent** (adjective)burning hot

F. The sun burns with *fervent* heat from 93 million miles away.

7. **Assault** (noun) an attack

G. During the *assault*, the bravest of the soldiers led the way to victory.

8. **Strait** (adjective) difficult and hard to travel

H. The road was so *strait*, the cars couldn’t travel them during the rainy season.

9. **Din** (noun) a situation of loud noise and confusion

I. To escape the *din* of confusion after the game, let’s just meet at the pizza place.

10. **Hysteria** (noun) emotional chaos; uncontrolled emotions

J. As the asteroid approached, *hysteria* erupted, even among the scientists.

11. **Sober** (adjective) clear thinking; controlled

K. *Sober* minded people need to be in full and complete charge in a crisis.

12. **Hulking** (adjective) very large and thick

L. Many people believe the Big Foot is a large *hulking* creature living in the deep woods.

13. **Surmised** (verb) logically figured out; concluded

M. The detective *surmised* from the clues that the perpetrator was an old man in a wheelchair.

14. **Extremities** (noun) body parts farthest from the torso

N. During frigid weather, a person's *extremities* -- the fingers and toes -- freeze up first.

15. **Despondency** (noun) low spirits; sadness; troubled spirit

O. The couple's *despondency* increased when the doctor walked in slowly without a smile.

16. **Virtually** (adverb) almost.

P. After just three years, lions are *virtually* mature creatures.

17. **Defying** (verb) challenging; disrespecting; disobeying

Q. *Defying* the law is the surest way to end up behind bars for a long while.

18. **Naught** (noun) nothing

R. Effort without preparation and planning usually goes for *naught*.

19. **Ferine** (adjective) wild and untamed

S. A wolf's *ferine* spirit can't be broken; so, they would never make suitable pets.

20. **Trek** (noun) journey

T. Watching Star *Trek* is one of my favorite pastimes.

21. **Therefore** (adverb) before then

U. The students had never heard of Canada; therefore, they thought the U.S. was the whole world.

22. **Reconcile** (verb) to make piece; to restore; to bring together

V. I couldn't *reconcile* the two ideas; they seemed much too different and unconnected.

23. **Gingerly** (adverb)easily; carefully

W. "Pass your papers forward *gingerly*, please," our teacher would always say.

Name _____ Pd. _____ Date _____

Comprehension and Discussion Review X (MC & ER)

LXIV. Why did Yuly scream when the wounded sister touched her?

- q. The woman's hands were cold, and they startled her.
- r. The woman's hands were hot, and they burned her.
- s. She thought the woman was a part of one of her nightmares.
- t. Her scream was a signal to her family.

LXV. To what did Sherry's "white spring" refer?

- a. It referred to a drinking hole near their home.
- b. It referred to her sense of motherhood.
- c. It referred to the milk that she loved so much.
- d. It referred to her sense of womanhood.

LXVI. What was the great offence that angered Grrbar so much?

- e. Tex dared to challenge her supremacy.
- f. Someone stole her food and left her without nourishment.
- g. Someone was keeping Mara away from her.
- h. The thunder and lightning refused to stop during the storm.

LXVII. Why didn't the glass spears cut Sherry's palms to the bone?

- e. Sherry eased her grip as the bear attacked.
- f. She held the glass only by the ends that were perfectly round.
- g. She wrapped the pieces of glass in brown cloth.
- h. The bond fed her the strength to hold it.

LXVIII. Why were Mara's gestures to Grrbar so subtle?

- q. Grrbar had excellent eyes and could see them easily.
- r. She had to hide them from Grrbar's handlers.
- s. She was stiff and couldn't make broad movements.
- t. Small, subtle movements didn't frighten Grrbar.

LXIX. Why didn't Mara speak to the Cunninghams?

- u. She didn't think she was as good as they were.
- v. She didn't think they were as good as she was.
- w. Words were not necessary; her actions said everything.
- x. They would not have understood her backwoods accent.

LXX. (ER) What can be inferred from Mara's returning of the picture? Use story details.

Name _____ Pd. ____ Date _____

Vocabulary Matching Quiz X

Match the following terms on the left with their denotations on the right. Write the letter of the answer in the blank that best corresponds.

- | | |
|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 1. Sober _____ | a. low spirits |
| 2. Hulking _____ | b. challenging; disobeying |
| 3. Surmised _____ | c. quietly; carefully; easily |
| 4. Extremities _____ | d. figured out; logically concluded |
| 5. Despondency _____ | e. before then |
| 6. Virtually _____ | f. clear-minded; controlled |
| 7. Defying _____ | g. nothing |
| 8. Naught _____ | h. to restore; make peace |
| 9. Ferine _____ | i. extended body parts |
| 10. Trek _____ | j. journey |
| 11. Theretofore _____ | k. very large and thick |
| 12. Reconcile _____ | l. wild; untamed |
| 13. Gingerly _____ | m. almost |

Solving Analogies X

To solve the following analogies, select a term or a denotation from your Vocabulary-to-Own list that best completes the equation.

- A. Hysteria : _____ :: _____ : Dying flesh
- B. Din : _____ :: Fervent : _____
- C. Assault: Strait :: _____ : _____
- D. Frantic : _____ :: _____ : Nemesis
- E. Slaughter : _____ :: Intimately : _____